

BUSINESS CAL

The recent expeditions of the British Government to the sources of the Nile, and the fruitful results of our own expedition to the headwaters of the Amazon, have tended to attract attention lately to the proposed exploration of the Orinoco. The persistence of Brazil in refusing to open her river to free navigation, with the view of facilitating Atlantic commerce with Bolivia, Peru, Ecuador and New Grenada, notwithstanding the earnest attempts of these Republics to gain access through it, have awakened inquiry as to other means of accomplishing the same result.

The treaty recently made with Venezuela guarantees to vessels sailing under the flag of the United States the same privilege as vessels of any other nation, to trade with the coastwise traffic, to carry passengers, mail, and other legitimate traffic, to transport goods, and to export and import, without restriction, all kinds of merchandise, except arms, explosives, narcotics, and other contraband goods, and to transport and export and import, without restriction, all kinds of merchandise, except arms, explosives, narcotics, and other contraband goods, and to transport and export and import, without restriction, all kinds of merchandise, except arms, explosives, narcotics, and other contraband goods.

and actually connect by a navigable inlet with the Negro and the Amazon, while its more northern limbs, the Apure and the Meta, empty into the Orinoco, which empties into the Bogota. At two hundred leagues from the ocean it has a width of three miles, and opposite the little town of Barrancas, at the head of the bay, the river is only half a mile from the ocean. It expands to some extent, but four miles from shore to shore.

The delta of the Orinoco is at this time a vast plain, covered with a luxuriant growth of rice, requires for cotton culture, which has been the famous "Sea Islands" of South Carolina, their high reputation, and having a climate fit for the raising of sugar cane. At this season, however, swells the vast floods of this river to such a degree that large parts of the delta are periodically immersed, but in October the waters are again reduced to their normal level, regularly wading the mouth of Ayre.

Cotton is indigenous to Venezuela, growing everywhere with the least cultivation, and sometimes appearing as a weed, bearing its blossoms, its buds, and its ripened product at the same time. But it is believed that the first cotton in Venezuela was introduced from the area of attraction for the cultivation of rice, present in some of its cultivations, superior to any other region of the earth.

The river Orinoco and its navigable tributaries traverse not only the richest parts of Venezuela, but drain also several of the provinces

But the Caroni, Paragana and other navigable streams which fall into it from the Venezuelan Guayana stretch through a region of richness whose fabled treasures may well challenge our credulity. This vast territory has an area of 150 square miles; its length from east to west is 215 miles, and its width from north to south 180 leagues, and its natural features embrace all the luxurious vegetation of the tropics, mineral whose richness gave rise to the absurd chimera of El Dorado forests filled with birds of the brightest plumage and the plains covered with herds of wild cattle.

By an authentic report now before us (made originally to the projectors of a private enterprise for their own special benefit), it appears

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chemical, indigo, cocoa, &c. [N. Y. Eve. Post.

The Pennsylvania Tea Plant.

The Pennsylvania papers are discussing the value and importance of the herb known as the Pennsylvania tea plant. Experiments are now being made which, it is believed will result in the successful cultivation and preparation of this plant, which grows bountifully in the vast mountain regions of the State. The Philadelphia Press thus alludes to this subject:

The cultivation of the tea tree, with the manufacture of its leaves into an article of do

ness's consumption, is now in progress in Pennsylvania, and the State Legislature has granted a charter of incorporation to the Assam Tea Company, which undertakes to develop the Assam tea country in British India. Pennsylvania. The Hon J. W. Waigle, late consul at Antwerp, is at the head of this body, and the gentlemen who may be considered its working head is Dr. Spencer Bansall, who reported to the Patent Office, some years ago, on the machinery and processes of manufacturing tea in the United States, and acquired his practical knowledge on the subject as superintendent and chief manager on the land in India of the Assam Tea Company. By the use of machinery in preparing the leaves, a superior article can be produced, but the tea is not so pure as the tea drawn to Britain came delivered in market.

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The war has worked monstrous demoralization. The Washington correspondent of the New York Independent, writing under date of October 24, 1863, says:

There was a sight to be seen in broad daylight, a few days ago, in front of the Presidential mansion, which gave those who witnessed it no resting place for the mind. It was the view of Intemperance has made a "good society" during the past few years. A woman clad in the richest and most fashionable garments, with diamonds flashing from her slender fingers in the glint waves

The carriage of a Foreign Minister passed by the poor woman was noticed—and it threatened to stop, look in at her, and then to go on. The woman was crying. For the lady is beautiful and occupies a high social position, but she was drunk in the streets of Washington. Drunkenness prevails almost everywhere, in camp and court! It is a vice, above all others, that cripples the army. The poor soldier is not only a drunkard, but he is also a gambler. He has no other pleasure. The officer does the same thing and is not reprimanded. It would astonish some of the sober, devoted people of the free States to learn how many young men, officers

in the army. Have already been named by a strong drink. The War Department is making every effort to prevent intoxicating liquors from the common soldiers, but why does it not prohibit drinking among officers? One half of the Brigadier Generals now on pay do not know far better how to swallow prodigious quantities of whiskey than to manage a brigade of men upon a field of battle. It is the good men everywhere spoke out upon this subject.

average sold 148 pounds each. Deducting 148 cheese sold in the spring, the amount sold at this time is about 145,000 pounds, bringing about \$30,000:

CITY NEWS.

For yesterday's noon dispatches and
other matter see fourth page this morning.

WOOD'S THEATER.—Grand Complimentary
Benefit.—At a meeting of the numerous
friends of Mr. Joseph Proctor, held at the
headquarters of Colonel Marc Mundy on
Thursday, the 19th inst., resolutions were
passed and a committee nominated to tender
to this gentleman a complimentary testimonial,
to take place at Wood's theater this
evening. The committee on this occasion
will give every action in their power to ac-
complish the object they have undertaken.
It must be remembered that a few days since
Mr. Proctor resigned a night in the middle of
his engagement, and, stimulated with a gen-
erous feeling of humanity, gratuitously and
unsolicited tendered his valuable services to
appear at the benefit given for the poor of Lou-
isville. This worthy act of itself should be a
strong inducement for our playgoers to man-
ifest their approval of such noble conduct by
crowding the theater to its utmost capacity.
The selections for the evening will comprise
the "Duke and the Motto" and "The Rebel
Chief," Mr. Proctor appearing in both pieces.

THE RAVENS.—Another large and fashion-
able audience was present at Masonic Temple
last night to witness the wonderful perfor-
mances of this troupe, and all present were
more than delighted with the entertainment. The
Irish Jilt, by F. and G. Selgel, was well ex-
ecuted, and drew forth rounds of applause from
the audience. The dancing of Mlle. Ravel and
Mlle. Louise is the most elegant and graceful
that we have ever witnessed. La Belle Roxelie
is decidedly the best female performer on the
stage who has been visited our city, while
the violin solo by Prof. Muller is unequalled, and
the large number that nightly attend Masonic
Temple testify. The entire performance of
the troupe are of the most unexceptionable
character, and altogether form the most
amusing and entertaining exhibitions ever
given in our city. They perform again to-
night, giving an entire change of programme.
On Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, there
will be a grand matinee for ladies and chil-
dren, when an excellent bill will be pre-
sented.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS.—Thursday, Nov. 19.—
Cosby Foot (f. b. c.), disorderly conduct; \$100
to keep the peace for sixty days.
Jas. Madison, alias M. Allen (f. m. c.),
disorderly conduct; \$100 for sixty days.
Winifred Condy, drunkenness and disorderly
conduct; workhouse.

Jane Turner was loitering about the bar-
nards and presented this morning; discharged.
Ellen Fox, alias Lucy Speck, alias Cosy,
charged with harboring four slaves, the property
of Hampton Lane; discharged.

A small girl was brought in, charged with
stealing socks, on account of her age she was
let off.

W. J. Farrance, stealing a horse in Indiana;
was sent back—arrested by officer Tinsler.

Our advisers from a Pittsburg are not so
favorable regarding a supply of coal. The
river was falling last evening, and six feet
seven inches water in the channel. The whole
amount of coal shipped on Tuesday and Wed-
nesday is estimated at 1,400,000 bushels. Some
of the large boats, it is apprehended, may
suck by the way. We shall, however, receive
considerable quantities from points this side
of Pittsburg. But there must be more rain
before a full supply is obtained.

SEIZURE OF GOODS.—On Tuesday some
\$15,000 worth of goods were seized on the
steamer Mason, lying at our wharf, by the
government. The goods were shipped from
Cincinnati to a firm in Nashville under a
permit which did not grant the privilege of ship-
ping liquor. One of our officials being on
the boat discovered that a number of barrels
marked "plum" feet and kront contained whis-
ky, and consequently the entire shipment was
seized.

W. H. Ebbick, the popular newsdealer at
the corner of Third and Main streets, has
been appointed the exclusive agent for the
sale of the Chicago Times in this city. Mr.
Ebbick has made arrangements whereby he
receives the paper early—the morning after
the day of publication, and all who wish to
obtain it regularly can do so by calling at
Ebbick's, on the corner of Third and Main
streets.

FAST TIME.—The one-mile Louisville and
Portland railroad races excellent time. We
yesterday made trip to Portland, and on re-
turning, we were one hour and twenty-five
minutes coming from Portland to Fifth street.
A number of persons who were destined for
Butcherstown got out of the bus and walked
up, thinking that the quickest manner of
reaching their destination.

FIRE.—The alarm of fire about 12 o'clock,
to-day, was occasioned by the burning of a
frame stable, situated in the alley between
Fourth and Fifth and Green and Walnut streets.
The building, together with a considerable
amount of oats, was destroyed, involving a
loss of a few hundred dollars. It was the
property of Mr. Pearson. We were unable to
learn whether it was insured or not.

HOUSES FOR RENT are getting scarcer every
day, and landlords are piling on the tariff in
proportion. Houses that a few years since
could have been rented for \$6 per month
now command as high as \$15. In the lower
portion of the city small frame cottages, with
three rooms, including kitchen, rent as high
as \$12 and \$15 per month.

ARREST OF A HOUSE THIEF.—Yesterday of-
ficer C. W. Tiller arrested a man by the name
of Jeff. King, charged with stealing a horse
from a farmer in Harrison county, Ind. The
thief was yesterday turned over to the author-
ties at New Albany, from whence he will be
conveyed to Harrison county for trial.

A number of Confederates, who had taken
the oath of allegiance, arrived in this city
yesterday evening on the train from Nash-
ville.

PERSONAL.—Brigadier General Judah and
staff, and Brigadier General Osterhaus and
staff, are stopping at the Louisville Hotel.

Frank Dickerson, whose arrest we an-
nounced yesterday, for trading in government
property, was yesterday discharged.

The city yesterday was exceedingly
quiet, but little of importance transpiring in
military or civil circles.

Fifty-one rebel prisoners arrived from
Nashville last evening on the train. They
were quartered in the military prison.

General Rosecrans arrived at Cleveland
on Tuesday. He was received by a large dele-
gation of citizens.

Brigadier General Hobson arrived in
this city yesterday, and is stopping at the Gal-
t House.

We are indebted to R. S. Lukehill, of
Lans Express company, for late papers.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., November 19, 1863.
Mr. Joseph Proctor:
The undersigned, committee for the
benefit of the poor, fully appreciating your
generosity and noble effort on that occasion,
and desiring in part to return the com-
pliment to you, would respectfully request
the privilege of making your weekly benefit,
on Friday night next, the occasion of a public
benefit to you, if your efforts in that be-
half will be acceptable to yourself and the
managers.
J. D. Osborne, W. G. H. Allen, Capt., &c.,
John Tompkins, C. G. Adams, Lieut., &c.,
W. E. Hughes, J. L. Gilmore, Capt.,
F. Karsner, Geo. P. Doern.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 19, 1863.
GENTLEMEN: The reception of your
gracious and complimentary note was quite
as unexpected as it is truly gratifying to my
professional pride; and I would not only be
affected on my part, but I should also prove
myself insensible to the high honor intended,
did I not accept at once your most generous
proposition.

With sentiments of the greatest respect, I
respectfully subscribe myself your obedient
servant.
To J. D. Osborne, Esq., J. Tompkins, Esq.,
Capt. Wm. G. Holden, Lieut. C. C. Adams,
&c., &c.

THE CASE OF OWEN OLDHAM.—The Mil-
itary commission which convened in Covin-
gton, and of which Major T. S. Matthews was
President, found Owen Oldham, of Pendleton
county, Ky., guilty of depriving two loyal
citizens, John Jones and Asa Townley, of
their liberty, placing them under guard for
twelve hours, for the purpose of having them
delivered to the enemies of the Government.
The sentence of the court is that Oldham be
confined at hard labor, with ball and chain at-
tached to his ankle, for the period of twelve
months, at such place as the Commanding
General of the department may direct.

Proceedings, finding and sentence approved.
The prisoner to be delivered into the custody
of Brigadier General Tilton, chief of artillery
for the fortification department of the Ohio,
at Covington, Ky., who will see that his
sentence is duly executed.

Geo. Tiller, of this city, a member of
the Twenty-eighth Kentucky, who was sup-
posed to have been killed, is now a prisoner
in the hands of the enemy at Richmond. His
father, yesterday received a letter from him
stating that he was captured on the 18th of
September near Bridgeport, Ala.

Miss Mary Gladstone, the popular ac-
tress, has arrived in our city, and is stopping
at the Galt House. She commences an en-
gagement at Wood's theater on Monday eve-
ning next.

JOB PRINTING—in plain and
fancy colors—executed with neatness
and dispatch. Call and examine our
specimens and learn prices.

West Virginia.—The subject of the situa-
tion of the permanent capital of West Virginia
has been under discussion in the State Legis-
lature, but was finally laid aside without de-
finitive action. During the discussion it
was made known that Grafton and Clarksburg
are the probable points where the capital will
be situated. Wheeling, Parkersburg, Beverly,
and Point Pleasant are also competitors, and
one of them may possibly win the prize.

Captain Gordon, an officer of the rebel
army, has been tried by a court-martial at
Fort Mifflin, by a jury of officers, and found
guilty of recruiting for the rebels within the
Federal lines, and also of looting about Fed-
eral camps in disguise, and is under sentence
to be shot on Friday of next week. The of-
fences were alleged to have been committed
in Western Virginia, where he was arrested.

A fatal affray occurred at Falmouth, in
Pendleton county, a few days ago. Two sol-
diers named Tighman Webster and Alexan-
der Older, belonging to Capt. Blue's company,
which is stationed at that point, got into an
altercation, ending in Older cutting Webster's
throat, producing almost instant death. Older
was arrested, and is now confined in the Cor-
vinton military prison. His trial will take
place to-day.

Wildcats infest the forests of Germany
this year, such numbers that sportsmen in
many districts complain that there is hardly
a hare to be shot. This ferocious little mem-
ber of the feline race has even committed
considerable havoc among the young deer in
some parts of the country. The consequence
is that regular cat hunts have been found
necessary to thin their numbers.

The following parties, who are returned
rebel soldiers, have been arrested and lodged
in the Covington military prison: Milton
Porter and Francis A. Hill, of Grant county,
Kentucky; Thomas Gilbert and John
Robertson, of Owen county, and Martin Draper,
of Pendleton county.

WORKING HERRERS.—John Caruth, of West
Waterbury, Me., writes the Boston Cultivator
that a neighbor of his has a pair of two-year-
old hawks which are broken to the yoke, and
work kindly. The girl of the largest is six
feet three, and she weighs 1,110 pounds.

TERrible ACCIDENT.—The clothes of the
youngest daughter of Dr. Wm. Kennedy, of
Bourbon county, accidentally took fire on
Friday last, and she was burnt so badly that
she died the next evening. She was a lovely
and interesting child about three years old.

CAMPBELL CIRCUIT COURT.—This tribunal
convened at Alexandria on Monday next. The
numerous suits for damages, for alleged false
imprisonment in Camp Chase, are set for trial
at this term.

Wm. Wharton, who claims to be a citi-
zen of Indiana, is under arrest at Covington,
charged with furnishing deserters with false
discharge papers. He was arrested in Owen
county.

John Heller, of the Marine Brigade,
was shot and killed on the night of the 17th
instant at Cairo, Illinois, by Second Lieutenant
John M. Green, of company B, Fifty-eighth
Illinois.

On last Tuesday night a prisoner at
Camp Morton, Indianapolis, a member of the
Twenty-seventh Louisiana regiment, was killed
by one of the guard.

Thirty-five Union prisoners escaped
from Castle Thunder, Richmond, Va., by
mining under the wall, on Friday last. A few
were recaptured.

Tobias Ross, of Harrison county, Ky.,
has been arrested and taken to Covington,
charged with giving aid and comfort to the
enemy.

The cost sent to market from all the
Pennsylvania mines during the year 1863 is
ready amounts to nearly nine millions of
dollars.

More than twenty different trades have
struck for higher wages during the past few
months in the city of New York.

We tender our thanks to R. H. Single-
ton, Esq., of Nashville, for a full list of yester-
day's Nashville papers.

Mr. Ehrlich has our thanks for late fa-
vors. He is the agent here for the Chicago
Times.

THE CANADA HUMOR FLOR.—The Republi-
can papers begin to admit that the Canada
plot was a "sell" of the franchise. The Cleve-
land (Ohio) Herald says of it:
The farther from the point of danger the
more sensational the news. The plot con-
nected with the John Brown insurrection is
more great proportions as it travels. A Cap-
tain of a propeller started the tale in Buffalo
that a tunnel had been dug from the prison
barracks 300 feet to the woods, and in such
tunnel were found six hundred stand of arms
brought from Canada. When it is taken into
account that a few months ago a heavily
dug on the island without striking the rock,
the tunnel story runs out pretty fast. But the
New York Times' correspondent, who is a
story-telling to a science. He divides up the
plot into parts; the first part involves the de-
struction of Cleveland, and from step to step
the lakes were to be made a solitude of waters
under the lead of Vallandigham, James Clay
and Marshall Kane.

The Toronto (Canada) Leader remarks:
We look upon the whole story, therefore,
as the effluvia of a too ridiculous almost
for comment. By whom it was concocted,
or how the Governor General was made the
medium of transmitting it to Wash-
ington, we are unable to comprehend. Possi-
bly some sympathizers with the North in
Canada have manufactured it for the purpose
of bringing about Southern exiles and the
Southern cause; but it is not the object,
it is declared to fail. No one in this
province will give credence to any credence;
and its authors, when they are discovered,
will only be laughed at for their pains.

The following officers have been dis-
missed from the service: Lieutenant Colonel
J. P. Walker, of the Eighty-fifth Indiana volun-
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enemy; Captain W. H. Hill, of the Eighty-first
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SPECIAL NOTICES.
ARMTH.
HEALTH.
COMFORT.
A very large stock of
LADIES, GENTLEMEN'S & CHILDREN'S
FURS,
GREEN & GREEN,
Corner Fourth and Main streets.

Truths that Dey Contradiction.
Read the following fact in relation to CRISTADO.
NOS EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE, and then say if it has
any equal in the world:
It neither burns the skin nor hair.
It cures every hair ache.
It restores every faded hair.
It is applied in a few minutes.
It leaves a gloss upon the hair.
It is a permanent hair restorer.
It is the only hair restorer that cures the scalp
and restores the hair to its natural color and
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